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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/720,586	11/24/2003	Donna K. Hodges	BS030348	5016
7590 02/07/2007 Scott P. Zimmerman P.O. Box 3822			EXAMINER	
			SIKRI, ANISH	
Cary, NC 27519		;	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2109	
SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD OF RESPONSE		MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MONTHS		02/07/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/720,586	HODGES ET AL.				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Anish Sikri	2109				
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RECHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFF SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. O period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stareply received by the Office later than three months after the med patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNI R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a riod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MOI atute, cause the application to become A	CATION. reply be timely filed NTHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C.§ 133).				
Status							
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 24	<u> 4 November 2003</u> .					
2a) <u></u> □	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ T	This action is non-final.					
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	ion of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-12 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
·	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) <u>1-12</u> is/are rejected.						
· ·	Claim(s) are subject to restriction an	d/or election requirement.					
Annligati	ion Papers						
	•						
·	The specification is objected to by the Exam The drawing(s) filed on <u>24 November 2003</u> i		I objected to by the Evaminer				
10)[2]	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	, ,	•				
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corr						
11) 🔲	The oath or declaration is objected to by the	·					
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:							
- /.	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Attaches - : 1	Wal		•				
Attachment 1) ⊠ Notice	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Intervious	Summary (PTO-413)				
2) 🔲 Notice	Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date						
) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 03/08/04. 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application 6) Other:							

DETAILED ACTION

Specification

The application numbers in the specification paragraphs [0001]-[0008] (i.e., XX/XXX,XXX) are objected as the specification does not mention any numbers. The application numbers need to be provided.

The title of the application is objected due to having a very generic and broad title. The title of the invention is not descriptive. A new title is required that is clearly indicative of the invention to which the claims are directed.

Art Unit: 2109

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1 to 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Kato (US 2002/0112060 A1).

Consider Claim 1, Kato clearly discloses the method of providing communications services, comprising the steps of: receiving a first data stream at a computer (Kato, Page 4 [0069]), the first data stream comprising packets of data packetized according to a packet protocol (Kato, Page 4 [0069]); segmenting the first data stream into segments according to a set of subscriber-specified rules stored in memory (Kato, Page 4 [0069]), the set of subscriber-specified rules specified by a subscriber to a subscription service (Kato, Page 4 [0069]), the set of subscriber-specified rules specified rules specifi

Art Unit: 2109

segment; and communicating the second data stream via the network (Kato Page 4, [0059], [0067]-[0069]).

Consider **Claim 2**, Kato clearly shows the <u>step of receiving a request for electronic data</u>, the <u>request for electronic data originating from a client communications</u>

<u>device</u>, and wherein second data stream fulfils the request for the electronic data (Kato, Page 4 [0069]).

Consider **Claim 3**, Kato clearly shows the step of communicating the second data stream to a client communications device (Kato, Page 4 [0069]).

Consider **Claim 4**, Kato clearly shows the step of assembling the second data stream comprises assembling the second data stream according to the set of subscriber-specified rules stored in the memory (Kato, Page 35, claim 44,45 and 46, Page 4 [0069], Page 4 [0076]).

Consider **Claim 5**, Kato clearly shows the step of communicating the second data stream comprises communicating the second data stream according to the set of subscriber-specified rules stored in the memory (Kato, Page 35, claim 44,45 and 46, Page 4 [0059]).

Art Unit: 2109

Consider **Claim 6**, Kato clearly shows the step of processing a segment according to the set of subscriber-specified rules stored in the memory (Kato, Page 35, claim 44,45 and 46, Page 4 [0070]).

Consider Claim 7, Kato clearly shows the step of accessing the set of subscriber-specified rules stored in the memory of a client communications device (Kato, Page 35, claim 44,45 and 46, Page 4 [0067]).

Consider **Claim 8**, Kato clearly shows the step of inferring an action based upon the set of subscriber-specified rules (Kato, Page 35, claim 44,45 and 46, Page 25-26 [0407]).

Consider **Claim 9**, Kato clearly shows the step of inferring a new rule based upon the set of subscriber-specified rules (Kato, Page 35, claim 44,45 and 46, Page 26 [0411], [0414]).

Consider Claim 10, Kato clearly shows the step of requesting a new rule for a new situation (Kato, claim 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 51, page 26 [0411], [0414]).

Consider Claim 11, Kato clearly shows the <u>system, comprises of: a Analysis</u> module stored in a memory device, the Analysis module receiving a first data stream at a computer (Kato, Page 4 [0069]), the first data stream comprising packets of data

Art Unit: 2109

packetized according to a packet protocol (Kato, Page 4 [0069]), the Analysis module segmenting the first data stream into segments according to a set of subscriber-specified rules stored in memory (Kato, Page 4 [0069]), the set of subscriber-specified rules specified by a subscriber to a subscription service (Kato, Page 4 [0069]), the set of subscriber-specified rules specifying how electronic data is formatted for the subscriber (Kato, Page 4 [0059] and [0069]), the Analysis module dispersing at least one segment via a network for a subsequent processing service, the Analysis module receiving a result of the processing service (Kato, Page 4 [0059] and [0069]), the Analysis module assembling a second data stream, the second data stream comprising at least one of i) the result of the processing service and ii) another segment, the Analysis module communicating the second data stream via the network; and a processor communicating with the memory device (Kato, Page 2 [0022], Page 5 [0073], Page 11 [0187], and Page 4 [0067]-[0069]).

Consider Claim 12, Kato clearly shows that a computer program product, comprising: a computer-readable medium; and a Analysis module stored on the computer-readable medium (Kato, Page 4 [0069]), the Analysis module receiving a first data stream at a computer (Kato, Page 4 [0069]), the first data stream comprising packets of data packetized according to a packet protocol, the Analysis module segmenting the first data stream into segments according to a set of subscriber-specified rules stored in memory (Kato, Page 4 [0069]), the set of subscriber-specified

Art Unit: 2109

rules specified by a subscriber to a subscription service, the set of subscriber-specified rules specifying how electronic data is formatted for the subscriber (Kato, Page 4 [0059] and [0069]), the Analysis module dispersing at least one' segment via a network for a subsequent processing service (Kato, Page 4 [0059] and [0069]), the Analysis module receiving a result of the processing service, the Analysis module assembling a second data stream, the second data stream comprising at least one of i) the result of the processing service and ii) another segment, the Analysis module communicating the second data stream via the network (Kato, Page 2 [0022], Page 5 [0073], Page 11 [0187], and Page 4 [0067]-[0069]).

Double Patenting

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., In re Berg, 140

Art Unit: 2109

F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claim 1 is provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory double patenting over claim 3 of copending Application No. 10/720800. This is a provisional double patenting rejection since the conflicting claims have not yet been patented.

The claim 1 of 10/720586 recites a method of providing communications
services, comprising the steps of: receiving a first data stream at a computer, the first
data stream comprising packets of data packetized according to a packet protocol;
segmenting the first data stream into segments according to a set of subscriberspecified rules stored in memory, the set of subscriber-specified rules specified by a

Art Unit: 2109

subscriber to a subscription service, the set of subscriber-specified rules specifying how electronic data is formatted for the subscriber; dispersing at least one segment via a network for a subsequent processing service; receiving a result of the processing service; assembling a second data stream, the second data stream comprising at least one of i) the result of the processing service and ii) another segment; and communicating the second data stream via the network. And the claim 3 of copending application No. 10/720800 recites a method of providing communications services, comprising the steps of: receiving a first data stream at a computer, the first data stream comprising packets of data packetized according to a packet protocol; segmenting the first data stream into segments according to a Service Level Agreement, the Service Level Agreement being an agreement defining parameters for communications service for the subscriber; dispersing at least one segment via a network for a subsequent processing service; receiving a result of the processing service; assembling a second data stream, the second data stream comprising at least one of i) the result of the processing service and ii) another segment; and communicating the second data stream via the network.

In comparison of both the claims, the subscriber-specified rules specified by a subscriber to a subscription service are stated in the SLA (Service Level Agreement). One can see that **claim 1** of **10/720586** is identical to **claim 3** of **10/720800**. Since, Omission of an element and its function in a combination is an obvious expedient if the remaining elements perform the same functions as before. In re KARLSON (CCPA) 136 USPQ 184 (1963), the claims are not patentably distinct.

Art Unit: 2109

Claim 11 is provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory double patenting over claim 15 of copending Application No. 10/720800. This is a provisional double patenting rejection since the conflicting claims have not yet been patented.

The claim 11 of 10/720586 recites a system, comprising: a Analysis module stored in a memory device, the Analysis module receiving a first data stream at a computer, the first data stream comprising packets of data packetized according to a packet protocol, the Analysis module segmenting the first data stream into segments according to a set of subscriber-specified rules stored in memory, the set of subscriberspecified rules specified by a subscriber to a subscription service, the set of subscriberspecified rules specifying how electronic data is formatted for the subscriber, the Analysis module dispersing at least one segment via a network for a subsequent processing service, the Analysis module receiving a result of the processing service, the Analysis module assembling a second data stream, the second data stream comprising at least one of i) the result of the processing service and ii) another segment, the Analysis module communicating the second data stream via the network; and a processor communicating with the memory device. And the claim 15 of copending application no. 10/720800 recites a system, comprising: a Analysis Module stored in a memory device, the Analysis Module receiving a first data stream at a computer, the first data stream comprising packets of data packetized according to a packet protocol, the Analysis Module segmenting the first data stream into segments according to a Service Level Agreement, the Service Level Agreement being an agreement defining

Art Unit: 2109

dispersing at least one segment via a network for a subsequent processing service, the Analysis Module receiving a result of the processing service, the Analysis Module assembling a second data stream, the second data stream comprising at least one of i) the result of the processing service and ii) another segment, the Analysis Module communicating the second data stream via the network; and a processor communicating with the memory device.

In comparison of both the claims, the subscriber-specified rules specified by a subscriber to a subscription service are stated in the SLA (Service Level Agreement). One can see that **claim 11** of **10/720586** is identical to **claim 15** of **10/720800**. Since, Omission of an element and its function in a combination is an obvious expedient if the remaining elements perform the same functions as before. In re KARLSON (CCPA) 136 USPQ 184 (1963), the claims are not patentably distinct.

Claim 12 is provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory double patenting over claim 16 of copending Application No. 10/720800. This is a provisional double patenting rejection since the conflicting claims have not yet been patented.

The claim 12 of 10/720586 recites a computer program product, comprising: a computer-readable medium; and a Analysis module stored on the computer-readable medium, the Analysis module receiving a first data stream at a computer, the first data stream comprising packets of data packetized according to a packet protocol, the Analysis module segmenting the first data stream into segments according to a set of subscriber-specified rules

specified by a subscriber to a subscription service, the set of subscriber-specified rules specifying how electronic data is formatted for the subscriber, the Analysis module dispersing at least one's egment via a network for a subsequent processing service, the Analysis module receiving a result of the processing service, the Analysis module assembling a second data stream, the second data stream comprising at least one of i) the result of the processing service and ii) another segment, the Analysis module communicating the second data stream via the network. And the claim 16 of copending application no. 10/720800 recites a computer program product, comprising: a computerreadable medium; and a Analysis Module stored on the computer-readable medium, the Analysis Module receiving a first data stream at a computer, the first data stream comprising packets of data packetized according to a packet protocol, the Analysis Module segmenting the first data stream into segments according to a Service Level Agreement, the Service Level Agreement being an agreement defining parameters for communications service for the subscriber, the Analysis Module dispersing at least one segment via a network for a subsequent processing service, the Analysis Module receiving a result of the processing service, the Analysis Module assembling a second data stream, the second data stream comprising at least one of i) the result of the processing service and ii) another segment, the Analysis Module communicating the second data stream via the network.

In comparison of both the claims, the subscriber-specified rules specified by a subscriber to a subscription service are stated in the SLA (Service Level Agreement).

One can see that claim 12 of 10/720586 is identical to claim 16 of 10/720800. Since,

Application/Control Number: 10/720,586 Page 13

Art Unit: 2109

Omission of an element and its function in a combination is an obvious expedient if the remaining elements perform the same functions as before. <u>In re KARLSON</u> (CCPA) 136 USPQ 184 (1963), the claims are not patentably distinct.

Conclusion

Any response to this Office Action should be **faxed to** (571) 273-8300 **or mailed to**:

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Customer Service Window Randolph Building 401 Dulany Street Alexandria, VA 22314

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the Examiner should be directed to Anish Sikri whose telephone number is (571) 270-1783. The Examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday from 6:30am to 5:00pm.

If attempts to reach the Examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the Examiner's supervisor, Rafael Pérez-Gutiérrez can be reached on (571) 272-7915. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571) 273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you

Art Unit: 2109

have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free) or 571-272-4100.

Page 15

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist/customer service whose telephone number is (571) 272-2600.

Anish Sikri A.S./a.s.

January 19, 2007

RAFAEL PEREZ-GUTIERREZ SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

2/1/07